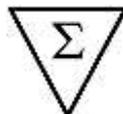


Yersinia enterocolitica IgA ELISA

Enzyme immunoassays (microtiter strips) for the qualitative and quantitative determination of IgA antibodies against Yersinia enterocolitica in human serum and plasma.

REF **RE56971**

 **12x8**

   **2-8°C**

EU: **IVD** 



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1. INTENDED USE

Enzyme immunoassays (microtiter strips) for the qualitative and quantitative determination of IgA antibodies against *Yersinia enterocolitica* in human serum and plasma.

2. SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

The pathogenic germs *Yersinia pestis*, *Y. pseudotuberculosis*, *Y. enterocolitica* and *Y. ruckeri* belong to the genus *Yersinia* as a member of the enterobacteriaceae family. All the species of medical importance occur facultatively inside the cells, which leads to the characteristic inflammation of the lymphatic tissue in the course of an illness. *Yersinia enterocolitica* is taken up orally, and the symptoms in a patient are terminal ileitis as well as diarrhoea. It is difficult to make a separation from appendicitis by differential diagnosis. In the course of a retarded immunological reaction, extraintestinal manifestations like erythema nodosum, uveitis, and arthritis can appear. It has been claimed that the background for a reactive arthritis caused by *Yersinia* consists in the local synthesis of antibodies in the joints (synovial fluid).

Yersinia can be characterized without problems by standardized bacterial tests, after isolation in a pure culture. Following a human disease, above all the serotypes O3, O8 and O9 are found. Cross-reactivities to *Brucella* are described and have to be taken into account by the differential diagnosis. The classical serological detection method has always been the Widal test. Further increasingly popular methods are the HAT, the KBR test as well as the ELISA. The enzyme immunoassay is characterized on the one hand side by a high sensitivity, but also by the possibility to differentiate between IgG and IgA/IgM antibodies. The immunoglobulin classes IgA and IgM should be referred to as a criterium of interpretation for an active process, when an arthritic disease is suspected. Because there exists also an immunological similarity with the thyrotropin receptor, the test can also be employed for the confirmation of the autoimmune Graves' disease. As a confirmatory test with the possibility of an identification of separate bacterial proteins as well as for the exclusion of cross-reactivities, the Western Blot method has proved successful.

3. TEST PRINCIPLE

Solid phase enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) based on the sandwich principle. The wells are coated with antigen. Specific antibodies of the sample binding to the antigen coated wells are detected by a secondary enzyme conjugated antibody (E-Ab) specific for human IgA. After the substrate reaction the intensity of the color developed is proportional to the amount of IgA-specific antibodies detected. Results of samples can be determined directly using the standard curve.

4. WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

1. For *in-vitro diagnostic* use only. For professional use only.
2. Before starting the assay, read the instructions completely and carefully. Use the valid version of the package insert provided with the kit. Be sure that everything is understood.
3. In case of severe damage of the kit package please contact IBL or your supplier in written form, latest one week after receiving the kit. Do not use damaged components in test runs, but keep safe for complaint related issues.
4. Obey lot number and expiry date. Do not mix reagents of different lots. Do not use expired reagents.
5. Follow good laboratory practice and safety guidelines. Wear lab coats, disposable latex gloves and protective glasses where necessary.
6. Reagents of this kit containing hazardous material may cause eye and skin irritations. See MATERIALS SUPPLIED and labels for details. Material Safety Data Sheets for this product are available on the IBL-Homepage or upon request directly from IBL.
7. Chemicals and prepared or used reagents have to be treated as hazardous waste according to national biohazard and safety guidelines or regulations.
8. The cleaning staff should be guided by the professionals regarding potential hazards and handling.
9. Avoid contact with Stop solution. It may cause skin irritations and burns.
10. Some reagents contain sodium azide (NaN₃) as preservatives. In case of contact with eyes or skin, flush immediately with water. NaN₃ may react with lead and copper plumbing to form explosive metal azides. When disposing reagents, flush with a large volume of water to avoid azide build-up.
11. All reagents of this kit containing human serum or plasma have been tested and were found negative for anti-HIV I/II, HBsAg and anti-HCV. However, a presence of these or other infectious agents cannot be excluded absolutely. For this reason reagents should be treated as potential biohazards in use and for disposal.

9. PROCEDURE NOTES

1. Any improper handling of samples or modification of the test procedure may influence the results. The indicated pipetting volumes, incubation times, temperatures and pretreatment steps have to be performed strictly according to the instructions. Use calibrated pipettes and devices only.
2. Once the test has been started, all steps should be completed without interruption. Make sure that required reagents, materials and devices are prepared ready at the appropriate time. Allow all reagents and specimens to reach room temperature (18-25 °C) and gently swirl each vial of liquid reagent and sample before use. Mix reagents without foaming.
3. Avoid contamination of reagents, pipettes and wells/tubes. Use new disposable plastic pipette tips for each component and specimen. Do not interchange caps. Always cap not used vials. Do not reuse wells/tubes or reagents.
4. Use a pipetting scheme to verify an appropriate plate layout.
5. Incubation time affects results. All wells should be handled in the same order and time sequences. It is recommended to use an 8-channel Micropipettor for pipetting of solutions in all wells.
6. Microtiter plate washing is important. Improperly washed wells will give erroneous results. It is recommended to use a multichannel pipette or an automatic microtiter plate washing system. Do not allow the wells to dry between incubations. Do not scratch coated wells during rinsing and aspiration. Rinse and fill all reagents with care. While rinsing, check that all wells are filled precisely with Wash Buffer, and that there are no residues in the wells.
7. Humidity affects the coated wells/tubes. Do not open the pouch until it reaches room temperature. Unused wells/tubes should be returned immediately to the resealed pouch including the desiccant.

10. PRE-TEST SETUP INSTRUCTIONS

10.1. Preparation of Components

	The contents of the kit for 96 determinations can be divided into 3 separate runs. The volumes stated below are for one run with 4 strips (32 determinations).
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Dilute / dissolve	Component		Diluent	Relation	Remarks	Storage	Stability
20 mL	WASHBUF CONC	180 mL	bidist. water	1:10	Warm up at 37°C to dissolve crystals, if necessary. Mix vigorously.	2-8 °C	8 weeks

10.2. Dilution of Samples

Sample	to be diluted	with	Relation	Remarks
Serum / Plasma	generally	DILBUF	1:101	e.g. 5 µL + 500 µL DILBUF

Samples containing concentrations higher than the highest standard have to be diluted further.

11. TEST PROCEDURE

1.	Pipette 100 µL of each Standard and diluted sample into the respective wells of the Microtiter Plate. In the qualitative test only Standard B is used.
2.	Cover plate with adhesive foil. Incubate 60 min at 18-25 °C.
3.	Remove adhesive foil. Discard incubation solution. Wash plate 3 x with 300 µL of diluted Wash Buffer . Remove excess solution by tapping the inverted plate on a paper towel.
4.	Pipette 100 µL of Enzyme Conjugate into each well.
5.	Cover plate with new adhesive foil. Incubate 30 min at 18-25 °C.
6.	Remove adhesive foil. Discard incubation solution. Wash plate 3 x with 300 µL of diluted Wash Buffer . Remove excess solution by tapping the inverted plate on a paper towel.
7.	For adding of Substrate and Stop Solution use, if available, an 8-channel Micropipettor. Pipetting should be carried out in the same time intervals for Substrate and Stop Solution. Use positive displacement and avoid formation of air bubbles.
8.	Pipette 100 µL of TMB Substrate Solution into each well.
9.	Incubate 20 min at 18-25 °C in the dark (without adhesive foil).
10.	Stop the substrate reaction by adding 100 µL of TMB Stop Solution into each well. Briefly mix contents by gently shaking the plate. Color changes from blue to yellow.
11.	Measure optical density with a photometer at 450 nm (Reference-wavelength: 600-650 nm) within 60 min after pipetting of the Stop Solution.

12. QUALITY CONTROL

The test results are only valid if the test has been performed following the instructions. Moreover the user must strictly adhere to the rules of GLP (Good Laboratory Practice) or comparable standards /laws. User and/or laboratory must have a validated system to get diagnosis according to GLP. All standards/controls must be found within the acceptable ranges as stated on the QC Certificate. If the criteria are not met, the run is not valid and should be repeated. Each laboratory should use known samples as further controls. It is recommended to participate at appropriate quality assessment trials.

In case of any deviation the following technical issues should be proven: Expiration dates of (prepared) reagents, storage conditions, pipettes, devices, incubation conditions and washing methods.

13. CALCULATION OF RESULTS

The evaluation of the test can be performed either quantitatively or qualitatively.

13.1. Qualitative Evaluation

The Cut-off value is given by the optical density (OD) of the Standard B (Cut-off standard). The Cut-off index (COI) is calculated from the mean optical densities of the sample and Cut-off value. If the optical density of the sample is within a range of 20% around the Cut-off value (grey zone), the sample has to be considered as borderline. Samples with higher ODs are positive, samples with lower ODs are negative.

For a quantification, the Cut-off index (COI) of the samples can be formed as follows:

$$\text{COI} = \frac{\text{OD Sample}}{\text{OD Standard B}}$$

13.2. Quantitative Evaluation

The obtained OD of the standards (y-axis, linear) are plotted against their concentration (x-axis, logarithmic) either on semi-logarithmic graph paper or using an automated method. A good fit is provided with cubic spline or point-to-point curve, because these methods give the highest accuracy in the data calculation.

For the calculation of the standard curve, apply each signal of the standards (one obvious outlier of duplicates might be omitted and the more plausible single value might be used).

The concentration of the samples can be read directly from the standard curve.

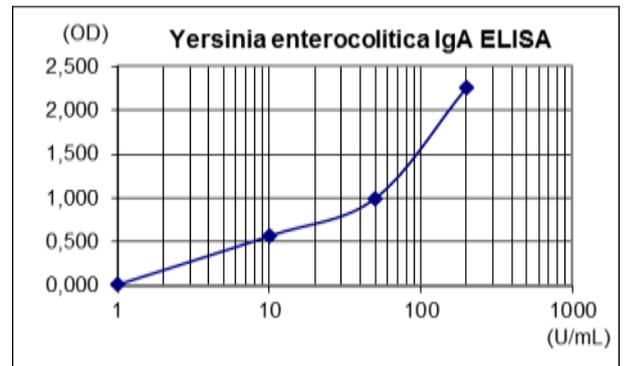
The initial dilution has been taken into consideration when reading the results from the graph. Results of samples of higher predilution have to be multiplied with the dilution factor.

Samples showing concentrations above the highest standard have to be diluted as described in PRE-TEST SETUP INSTRUCTIONS and reassayed.

Typical Calibration Curve

(Example. Do not use for calculation!)

Standard	U/mL	OD _{Mean}
A	1	0.015
B	10	0.569
C	50	0.998
D	200	2.257

**14. INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS**

Method	Range	Interpretation
Quantitative (Standard curve)	< 8 U/mL	negative
	8 – 12 U/mL	equivocal
	> 12 U/mL	positive
Qualitative (Cut-off Index, COI)	< 0.8	negative
	0.8 – 1.2	equivocal
	> 1.2	positive

The results themselves should not be the only reason for any therapeutical consequences. They have to be correlated to other clinical observations and diagnostic tests.

15. EXPECTED VALUES

In an in-house study, apparently healthy subjects showed the following results:

Ig Isotype	n	Interpretation		
		positive	equivocal	negative
IgA	88	14.8 %	5.7 %	79.6 %

16. LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE

Specimen collection and storage have a significant effect on the test results. See SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND STORAGE for details.

For cross-reactivities, see PERFORMANCE.

Azide and thimerosal at concentrations > 0.1 % interfere in this assay and may lead to false results.

The following blood components do not have a significant effect (+/- 20% of expected) on the test results up to the below stated concentrations:

Hemoglobin	8.0 mg/mL
Bilirubin	0.3 mg/mL
Triglyceride	5.0 mg/mL

17. PERFORMANCE

Intra-Assay Precision	10.3 %
Inter-Assay Precision	5.3 – 10.0 %
Inter-Lot Precision	5.2 – 13.0 %
Analytical Sensitivity	1.02 U/mL
Recovery	88 – 107 %
Linearity	65 – 116 %
Cross Reactivity	No cross-reactivities were found to: Helicobacter pylori
Clinical specificity	92 %
Clinical sensitivity	100 %

18. PRODUCT LITERATURE REFERENCES

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5. Kittelberger, R. et al. Serological cross-reactivity between *Brucella abortus* and *Yersinia enterocolitica*. *Vet. Microbiol.*, 47: 271 (1995).
6. Luo, G. et al. Purification and characterization of *Yersinia enterocolitica* proteins. *J. Immunol.*, 152: 2555 (1994).
7. Möaki-Ikola, O. et al. *Yersinia*-specific antibodies in serum and synovial fluid. *Ann. Rheum. Dis.*, 53: 535 (1994).

Symbols / Symbole / Symbôles / Símbolos / Símbolos / Σύμβολα

	Cat.-No.: / Kat.-Nr.: / No.- Cat.: / Cat.-No.: / N.º Cat.: / N.-Cat.: / Αριθμός-Κατ.:
	Lot-No.: / Chargen-Bez.: / No. Lot: / Lot-No.: / Lote N.º: / Lotto n.: / Αριθμός -Παραγωγή:
	Use by: / Verwendbar bis: / Utiliser à: / Usado por: / Usar até: / Da utilizzare entro: / Χρησιμοποιείται από:
	No. of Tests: / Kitgröße: / Nb. de Tests: / No. de Determ.: / N.º de Testes: / Quantità dei tests: / Αριθμός εξετάσεων:
	Concentrate / Konzentrat / Concentré / Concentrar / Concentrado / Concentrato / Συμπύκνωμα
	Lyophilized / Lyophilisat / Lyophilisé / Liofilizado / Liofilizado / Liofilizzato / Λυοφιλισμένο
	In Vitro Diagnostic Medical Device. / In-vitro-Diagnostikum. / Appareil Médical pour Diagnostics In Vitro. / Dispositivo Médico para Diagnóstico In Vitro. / Equipamento Médico de Diagnóstico In Vitro. / Dispositivo Medico Diagnostico In vitro. / Ιατρική συσκευή για In-Vitro Διάγνωση.
	Evaluation kit. / Nur für Leistungsbewertungszwecke. / Kit pour évaluation. / Juego de Reactivos para Evaluació. / Kit de avaliação. / Kit di evaluazione. / Κιτ Αξιολόγησης.
	Read instructions before use. / Arbeitsanleitung lesen. / Lire la fiche technique avant emploi. / Lea las instrucciones antes de usar. / Ler as instruções antes de usar. / Leggere le istruzioni prima dell'uso. / Διαβάστε τις οδηγίες πριν την χρήση.
	Keep away from heat or direct sun light. / Vor Hitze und direkter Sonneneinstrahlung schützen. / Garder à l'abri de la chaleur et de toute exposition lumineuse. / Manténgase alejado del calor o la luz solar directa. / Manter longe do calor ou luz solar directa. / Non esporre ai raggi solari. / Να φυλάσσεται μακριά από θερμότητα και άμεση επαφή με το φως του ηλίου.
	Store at: / Lagern bei: / Stocker à: / Almacene a: / Armazemar a: / Conservare a: / Αποθήκευση στους:
	Manufacturer: / Hersteller: / Fabricant: / Productor: / Fabricante: / Fabbicante: / Παραγωγός:
	Caution! / Vorsicht! / Attention! / ¡Precaución! / Cuidado! / Attenzione! / Προσοχή!
<p>Symbols of the kit components see MATERIALS SUPPLIED.</p> <p>Die Symbole der Komponenten sind im Kapitel KOMPONENTEN DES KITS beschrieben.</p> <p>Voir MATERIEL FOURNI pour les symbôles des composants du kit.</p> <p>Símbolos de los componentes del juego de reactivos, vea MATERIALES SUMINISTRADOS.</p> <p>Para símbolos dos componentes do kit ver MATERIAIS FORNECIDOS.</p> <p>Per i simboli dei componenti del kit si veda COMPONENTI DEL KIT.</p> <p>Για τα σύμβολα των συστατικών του κιτ συμβουλευτείτε το ΠΑΡΕΧΟΜΕΝΑ ΥΛΙΚΑ.</p>	

COMPLAINTS: Complaints may be submitted initially written or vocal. Subsequently they need to be filed including the test performance and results in writing in case of analytical reasons.

WARRANTY: The product is warranted to be free from material defects within the specific shelf life and to comply with product specifications delivered with the product. The product must be used according to the Intended use, all instructions given in the instructions for use and within the product specific shelf life. Any modification of the test procedure or exchange or mixing of components of different lots could negatively affect the results. These cases invalidate any claim for replacement.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY: IN ALL CIRCUMSTANCES THE EXTENT OF MANUFACTURER'S LIABILITY IS LIMITED TO THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE KIT(S) IN QUESTION. IN NO EVENT SHALL MANUFACTURER BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING DAMAGES FOR LOST PROFITS, LOST SALES, INJURY TO PERSON OR PROPERTY OR ANY OTHER INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL LOSS.

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